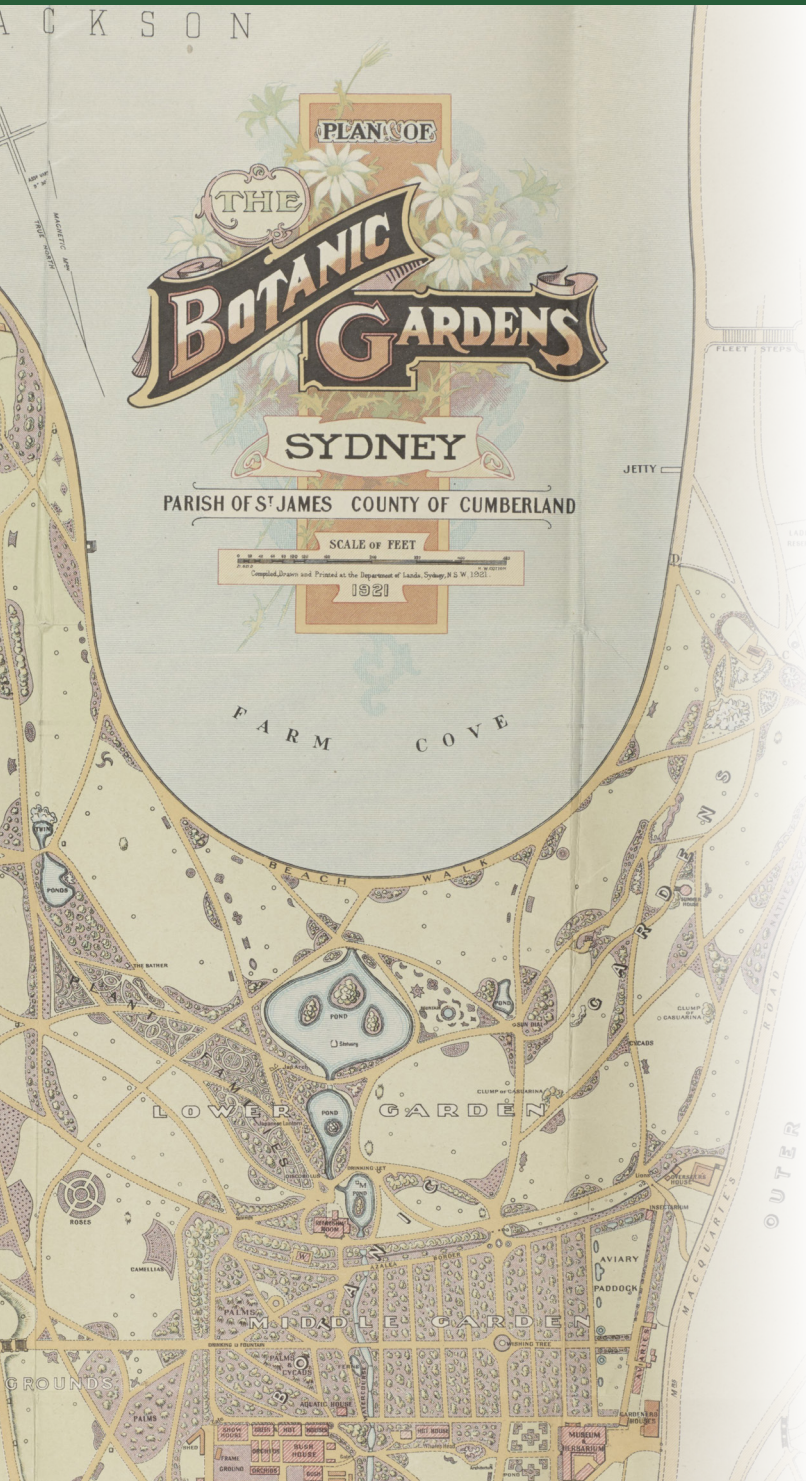


## Collections within the Environmental Science and History archive

The Environmental Science and History archive focuses on the critical aspects of environmental science, history and anthropogenic change and includes unique and rare archival collections from multiple global sources. Partners include the Centre for Agriculture and Biosciences International (CABI), The National Archives, Royal Botanic Gardens (Kew), Commonwealth Forestry Archive at Bangor University, The Ecological Society of America, and The Royal Entomological Society.

The content supports tracing the impacts of human activity on the natural world and enable these impacts to be researched and analyzed through documents, images, data, maps, and photographs with content that will primarily come from new digitization that will complement existing open or commercial resources on these topics – while avoiding overlap/duplication between this and other resources.

Environmental Science and History features over one million pages and includes collections that will cover a wide range of topics which are especially valuable to researchers studying agriculture, environmental science, climate change, deforestation, botany, and biodiversity.



### Learn more about the collections:

#### THE NATIONAL ARCHIVES: FOREIGN OFFICE AND FOREIGN COMMONWEALTH OFFICE

The National Archives are the official archive of the British Government, documenting history of various colonial agencies and departments related to environmentalism. This includes global records on agriculture, animal health, forestry, pest control, and insecticides. The Foreign Office and Foreign Commonwealth Office subcollection includes records from 1967-1971 from departments of scientific relations, and science and technology. One particular highlight are the diaries and papers of Sir Boris Uvarov (1886–1970), director of the Anti-Locust Research Centre and father of acridology.

#### COMMONWEALTH FORESTRY ARCHIVE

Provided by Bangor University, the archive of the Commonwealth Forestry Association is the world's oldest forestry organization. This global collection, covering the years 1950-1990 across 33 countries, covers all aspects of forest management including forestry experiments, plant specimen samples, artificial regeneration, tree growth rates, thinning/pruning trials, foliage analysis, fertilizer trials, descriptions of wood, wood strength tests, and plantation inventories.

#### CENTRE FOR AGRICULTURE AND BIOSCIENCE INTERNATIONAL (CABI)

CABI is an international not-for-profit organization focused on solving problems in agriculture and the environment. These problems include loss of crops caused by pests and diseases, invasive weeds and pests that damage farm production and biodiversity, and lack of global access to scientific research. Their records include distribution maps of plant diseases and plant pests, drawings, reports from commonwealth organizations, plus journals and books by preeminent entomologists.

## MISCELLANEOUS REPORTS COLLECTION (KEW GARDENS)

From the archive at the Royal Botanic Gardens (Kew), this collection holds 772 files relating to global economic botany and the work of Botanic Gardens along with Agricultural and Forestry Stations across the world, with particular emphasis on former colonial territories. Documents include interactions with institutions, government administrations, botanists with scientific interests, commercial bodies, and amateur botanists, gardeners and inventors. From these records researchers can track the history of botanical exploration, the cultivation of usable plant products, and the use of plants by indigenous communities.

## THE ECOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF AMERICA

The ESA collection consists of correspondence, reports, and research materials related to the activities of the Ecological Society of America. The collection is deposited with and sourced from University of Georgia. UGA is well-known for an outstanding Ecology program and was an early adopter of ecological studies in North America, which is why the ESA collection was entrusted to the library at UGA.

## THE ROYAL ENTOMOLOGICAL SOCIETY

The Royal Entomological Society is devoted to understanding and developing insect science. They aim to show every person how remarkable and valuable insects are and want to enrich the world with insect science. Their strategy will ensure that this is at the heart of the Society as they drive it forward globally. Success will be shown by increasing their impact, relevance and sustainability in the future.

## RELATED SUBJECTS

- Ecology
- Botany
- Biodiversity
- Deforestation
- Agriculture
- Livestock
- Fisheries
- Water Sources
- Irrigation
- Wetlands
- Hydrology
- Climate Change

## TYPES OF MATERIALS

- Books
- Correspondence
- Datasets
- Field notes
- Illustrations
- Maps
- Pamphlets
- Personal Papers
- Photographs
- Reports
- Sketches & Drawings
- Specimen slides

